

DEDUCTIONS

PHIL 140A

SPRING 2016

1. Show that the following propositions are derivable:

(a) $\neg(\varphi \wedge \neg\psi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \psi)$

Proof (a):

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{[\varphi]^1 \quad [\neg\psi]^2}{\varphi \wedge \neg\psi} \wedge I \quad [\neg(\varphi \wedge \neg\psi)]^3}{\perp} \rightarrow E}{\frac{\perp}{\psi} \text{RAA}_2}{\frac{\psi}{\varphi \rightarrow \psi} \rightarrow I_1} \rightarrow I_3$$

(b) $((\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \wedge (\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi)) \rightarrow \neg\varphi$

Proof (b):

$$\frac{\frac{[\varphi]^2 \quad \frac{[(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \wedge (\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi)]^1}{\varphi \rightarrow \psi} \wedge E}{\psi} \rightarrow E \quad \frac{[\varphi]^2 \quad \frac{[(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \wedge (\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi)]^1}{\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi} \wedge E}{\neg\psi} \rightarrow E}{\frac{\perp}{\neg\varphi} \rightarrow I_2} \rightarrow I_1$$

(c) $\neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\psi \rightarrow \varphi)$

Proof (c):

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{[\neg\varphi]^1 \quad [\varphi]^2}{\perp} \rightarrow E}{\frac{\perp}{\psi} \perp}{\frac{\psi}{\varphi \rightarrow \psi} \rightarrow I_2} \rightarrow E}{\frac{\perp}{\varphi} \text{RAA}_1}{\frac{\psi \rightarrow \varphi}{\psi \rightarrow \varphi} \rightarrow I_{\text{vac}}} \rightarrow I_3$$

(d) $\neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi) \rightarrow (\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi)$

Proof (d):

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{[\neg\neg\psi]^1 \quad [\neg\psi]^2}{\rightarrow E}}{\perp} \text{RAA}_2}{\frac{\psi}{\varphi \rightarrow \psi} \rightarrow I_{\text{vac}}} \rightarrow E \quad \frac{[\neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi)]^3}{\rightarrow E}}{\frac{\frac{\perp}{\neg\psi} \text{RAA}_1}{\frac{\varphi \rightarrow \neg\psi}{\varphi \rightarrow \psi} \rightarrow I_{\text{vac}}} \rightarrow I_3} \rightarrow I_3$$

2. Show that the following rules are derivable in our deduction system:

$$\frac{\neg\neg\varphi}{\varphi} \neg\neg E$$

$$\frac{\varphi \rightarrow \psi}{\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi} \text{CP}$$

Proof: Suppose you have the following inference in your derivation tree:

$$\frac{\mathcal{D}}{\frac{\neg\neg\varphi}{\varphi} \neg\neg E}$$

Then replace this subtree in your derivation with the following (where n occurs nowhere else in your derivation tree):

$$\frac{\frac{\mathcal{D}}{\neg\neg\varphi} \quad [\neg\varphi]^n}{\perp} \text{RAA}_n \rightarrow E$$

Likewise if you have the following inference in your derivation tree:

$$\frac{\mathcal{D}}{\frac{\varphi \rightarrow \psi}{\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi} \text{CP}}$$

then replace it with:

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\mathcal{D}}{\varphi \rightarrow \psi} \quad [\varphi]^n}{\psi} \rightarrow E \quad [\neg\psi]^{n+1}}{\frac{\perp}{\neg\varphi} \rightarrow I_n} \rightarrow E \quad \frac{\perp}{\neg\psi \rightarrow \neg\varphi} \rightarrow I_{n+1}$$

3. Suppose we replaced RAA with $\neg\neg E$ for only atomic formulas. Show that the full $\neg\neg E$ would still be derivable.

Proof: We need to proceed by induction. We're assuming that the following rules hold for atomic φ (including $\perp!$):

$$\frac{\neg\neg\varphi}{\varphi} \neg\neg E_{\text{at}}$$

So our base case is already taken care of by $\neg\neg E_{\text{at}}$. So suppose $\neg\neg E_{\psi}$ holds, where ψ is any proper subformula of φ .

First, suppose $\varphi = (\psi \wedge \theta)$. We want to show that we can derive this:

$$\frac{\mathcal{D} \quad \neg\neg(\psi \wedge \theta)}{(\psi \wedge \theta)} \neg\neg E_{\varphi}$$

Here's how we do it. The proof doesn't fit on the whole page, so I'll split it into parts. Let \mathcal{D}_{ψ} be the following derivation tree (where again n occurs nowhere in our derivation tree):

$$\frac{\frac{[\neg\psi]^n \quad \frac{[(\psi \wedge \theta)]^{n+1}}{\psi} \wedge E}{\neg(\psi \wedge \theta)} \rightarrow E \quad \frac{\perp}{\neg(\psi \wedge \theta)} \rightarrow I_{n+1}}{\frac{\perp}{\neg\neg\psi} \rightarrow I_n \quad \frac{\mathcal{D} \quad \neg\neg(\psi \wedge \theta)}{\psi} \neg\neg E_{\psi}} \rightarrow E$$

Likewise, let \mathcal{D}_{θ} be the following derivation tree:

$$\frac{\frac{[\neg\theta]^{n+2} \quad \frac{[(\psi \wedge \theta)]^{n+3}}{\theta} \wedge E}{\neg(\psi \wedge \theta)} \rightarrow E \quad \frac{\perp}{\neg(\psi \wedge \theta)} \rightarrow I_{n+3}}{\frac{\perp}{\neg\neg\theta} \rightarrow I_{n+2} \quad \frac{\mathcal{D} \quad \neg\neg(\psi \wedge \theta)}{\theta} \neg\neg E_{\theta}} \rightarrow E$$

Then we just need to replace

$$\frac{\mathcal{D} \quad \neg\neg(\psi \wedge \theta)}{(\psi \wedge \theta)} \neg\neg E_{\varphi}$$

with:

$$\frac{\mathcal{D}_\psi \quad \mathcal{D}_\theta}{\frac{\psi \quad \theta}{(\psi \wedge \theta)} \wedge I}$$

Next, suppose $\varphi = (\psi \rightarrow \theta)$. We want to show that we can derive this:

$$\frac{\mathcal{D}}{\frac{\neg \neg(\psi \rightarrow \theta)}{(\psi \rightarrow \theta)} \neg \neg E_\varphi}$$

Here's how we do it:

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{[\varphi]^n \quad \frac{[\varphi \rightarrow \psi]^{n+1}}{\psi} \rightarrow E}{\perp} \rightarrow I_{n+1}}{\neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi)} \rightarrow E \quad \frac{[\neg \psi]^{n+2}}{\neg \neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi)} \rightarrow E \quad \mathcal{D}}{\frac{\frac{\frac{\perp}{\neg \neg \psi} \rightarrow I_{n+2}}{\neg \neg \psi} \rightarrow \neg \neg E_\psi}{\psi} \rightarrow I_n}{\varphi \rightarrow \psi} \rightarrow E} \rightarrow E$$

So by induction, we can rederive $\neg \neg E$ in full. ■